

For those who want to know more about

retinoblastoma:

90% of individuals heterozygous for an RB mutation develop at least one tumor

Does this number seem remarkably high?

What additional information do you need?

1. # cells that can mutate to form a tumor
2. # cell divisions
3. specific types of lesions that occur (point mutation versus whole chromosome loss)
4. overall mutation rate of gene

Frequency of cancer worldwide:

1/20,000 children

5-10% of cases are inherited (pre-existing germline mutation)

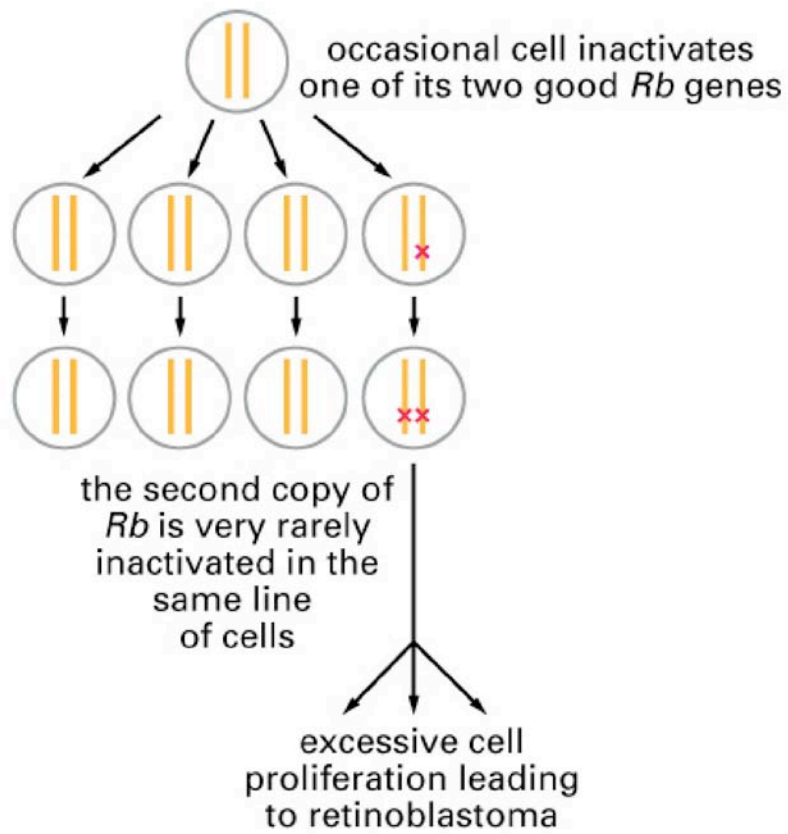
20-30% of cases result from a new germline mutation in one parent

60-70% are sporadic somatic mutations only

Rate of mutation in the RB gene have been estimated to be about $1-2 \times 10^{-5}$ per cell division in both somatic and germline cells

Number of retinal blast cells per person = 8-10 million

NONHEREDITARY RETINOBLASTOMA



RESULT: ONLY ABOUT 1 IN 30,000 NORMAL PEOPLE DEVELOP TUMOR

Figure 23–26 part 2 of 2. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 4th Edition.