## Some Lessons from the BIG TREE: Map of the Biological Record

- **1.** Single origin for all life on Earth...
  - Central Dogma intact.
  - ATP and PMF are universal themes.
  - Uniformity among chiral carbon compounds, i.e., amino acids and sugars.

## 2. General topology

- Three "primary lines of evolutionary descent."
- The Eucarya "nuclear" lineage almost as old as the prokaryote lines.
- Prokaryotes split between *Bacteria* and *Archaea*.
- Shown for only a limited number of representative org's.
- Mitochondria and chloroplasts proven to be of bacterial origin.
- **3.** Evolutionary clock is NOT constant between different lineages
  - Terminal nodes NOT all the same length, so not constant for all organisms either!
  - Endosymbionts sped up very fast (semi-autonomous organelles).
  - Eucarya fast clocks
  - Archaea slow clocks
  - Bacteria Intermediate clocks

- **4.** Rooting the three domain "BIG TREE" is not straight forward.
  - Lacks an outgroup....
  - Can use gene duplications to show root near Bacteria.
  - This means that Eucarya and Archaea shared a common history after the divergence from Bacteria!

## **5.** Origin of Life Implications

- Common ancestor was thermophilic Might have lived at hydrothermal vents.
- Common ancestor was chemosynthetic & anaerobic Probably oxidized H<sub>2</sub>, remember the redox tower.
- When did photosynthesis hit the scene....after chemosynthesis! It only appears in peripheral branches
- Where's the Eucarya? High-temp ether-lipid rep?

## **6.** What does whole genomic's add?

- The central information processing machinery encompasses core genome.
- Metabolic functions, relationships get murky.
- Endosymbiosis involved more than organelles, i.e., two-way transfer.