Fifty Rules for Writing Good

- 1. Each pronoun should agree with their antecedent.
- 2. Between you and I, pronoun case is important.
- 3. A writer must be sure to avoid using sexist pronouns in his writing.
- 4. Verbs has to agree with their subjects.
- 5. Don't be a person whom people realize confuses who and whom.
- 6. Never use no double negatives.
- 7. Never use a preposition to end a sentence with. That is something up with which your readers will not put.
- 8. When writing, participles must not be dangled.
- 9. Be careful to never, under any circumstances, split infinitives.
- 10. Hopefully, you won't float your adverbs.
- 11. A writer must not shift your point of view.
- 12. Lay down and die before using a transitive verb without an object.
- 13. Join clauses good, like a conjunction should.
- 14. The passive voice should be avoided.
- 15. About sentence fragments.
- 16. Don't verb nouns.
- 17. In letters themes reports and ad copy use commas to separate items in a series.
- 18. Don't use commas, that aren't necessary
- 19. "Don't overuse 'quotation marks."'
- 20. Parenthetical remarks (however relevant) are (if the truth be told) superfluous.
- 21. Contractions won't, don't, and can't help your writing voice.
- 22. Don't write run-on sentences they are hard to read.
- 23. Don't forget to use end punctuation
- 24. Its important to use apostrophe's in the right places.
- 25. Don't abbrev.
- 26. Don't overuse exclamation marks!!!
- 27. Resist Unnecessary Capitalization.
- 28. Avoid mispellings.
- 29. Check to see if you any words out.
- 30. One-word sentences? Never.

- 31. Avoid annoying, affected, and awkward alliteration, always.
- 32. Never, ever use repetitive redundancies.
- 33. The bottom line is to bag trendy locutions that sound flaky.
- 34. By observing the distinctions between adjectives and adverbs, you will treat your readers real good.
- 35. Parallel structure will help you in writing more effective sentences and to express yourself more gracefully.
- 36. In my own personal opinion at this point of time, I think that authors, when they are writing, should not get into the habit of making use of too many unnecessary words that they don't really need.
- 37. Foreign words and phrases are the reader's bete noire and are not apropos.
- 38. Who needs rhetorical questions?
- 39. Always go in search for the correct idiom.
- 40. Do not cast statements in the negative form.
- 41. And don't start sentences with conjunctions.
- 42. Avoid mixed metaphors. They will kindle a flood of confusion in your readers.
- 43. Eliminate quotations. As Ralph Waldo Emerson said, "I hate quotations. Tell me what you know."
- 44. Analogies in writing are like feathers on a snake.
- 45. Go around the barn at high noon to avoid colloquialisms.
- 46. Be more or less specific.
- 47. If I've told you once, I've told you a thousand times, exaggeration is a billion times worse than understatement, which is always best.
- 48. Never use a big word when you can utilize a diminutive word.
- 49. Profanity sucks.
- 50. Last but not least, even if you have to bend over backward, avoid cliches like the plague.