Transmission Genetics: Mendel and Beyond

A. Mendel's Work

- 1. Plant breeders control which plants mate
- 2. Mendel's discoveries lay dormant for decades

B. Mendel's Experiments and Laws of Inheritance

- 1. Mendel prepares to experiment
- 2. Mendel's Experiment 1 examined a monohybrid cross
- 3. How Mendel interpreted his results
- 4. Mendel's first law says that alleles segregate
- 5. Mendel verified his experiment by performing a test cross
- 6. Mendel's second law says that alleles of different genes assort independently
- 7. Punnett squares or probability calculations? You choose!

C. Alleles and Their Interactions

- 1. Dominance is usually not complete
- 2. Some alleles have multiple phenotypic effects
- 3. New alleles arise by mutation
- 4. Many genes have multiple alleles

D. Gene Interactions

- 1. Some genes alter the effects of other genes
- 2. Polygenes mediate quantitative inheritance
- 3. The environment affects gene action

E. Genes and Chromosomes

- 1. Linked genes are near each other on a chromosome
- 2. Genes can be exchanged between chromatids
- 3. Geneticists make maps of eukaryotic chromosomes
- 4. Sex is determined in different ways in different species
- 5. X and Y chromosomes have different functions
- 6. Genes on sex chromosomes are inherited in special ways
- 7. Mendelian ratios are averages, not absolutes

F. Cytoplasmic Inheritance